



Product Change Notification

PCN No: 2006-07-19-08

Report Date: July 19, 2006

Subject: PK162-12 PCB 3.0 New Board Revision Release

List of New Products:

PK162-12 PCB R3.0 including all applicable extensions and combinations:

-VPT, -V, -E (power and temperature options)
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Reason for Change:

The Matrix Orbital PK162-12 module has been upgraded to offer new features and benefits; the physical connections on the PCB boards have been standardized and the components are now RoHS compliant.

Product Change:

The following list of hardware and firmware changes are all effective on the all the variants of the PK162-12 as stated under 'List of New Products'. The old PCB 2.3 is now superseded by PCB 3.0, and the old firmware version v3.1 is now superseded by v5.1. The changes are stated to compare the old and the new PCB revisions.

Hardware Changes:

- 1) The 3x4 matrix style keypad / 7 gpo connector are present in both the old and the new PCB revisions. The differences between the revisions are:
 - physical placement of the connectors has been standardized across all our products
 - new PCB offers additional ground and 5V pins on the keypad/gpo

connector, hence there are 16 (2 x8) pins on the keypad/gpo connector
- new PCB keypad mapping is now standardized, such that the progression of the keys are by column and not by rows. Please see page 21 of the old PCB manual for PK162-12:

http://www.matrixorbital.ca/manuals/PK_series/PK162-12/PK162-12_220.pdf and compare with the new PCB keypad mapping on page 39 of the new PCB manual:

http://www.matrixorbital.ca/manuals/PK_series/PK162-12/PK162-12_rev_30.pdf

To keep the old transmitted values for the keypad, contact a Sales Rep to obtain a custom order; or refer to item #1 under Firmware Changes to be able to customize the keypad layout.

- new PCB have improved ESD protection on the keypad connectors with incorporated resistors.

- 2) Both PCB revisions have 7 general purpose outputs. The differences between the revisions are:
 - PCB 2.3 has active low GPOs, and PCB 3.0 has active high GPOs. Active low GPOs mean that turning the GPO on (command 87) will make the GPO pin go low (0V). Active high GPOs mean that turning the GPO on will make the GPO pin go high (5V).
 - PCB 3.0 GPO connectors have 2 additional pins for ground and 5V.
- 3) Physical placement of the DB9 connector, power / data connector are different in the PCB 3.0 to conform with our other products.
- 4) PCB 3.0 offers a standardized serial communication selection jumper. This serial communication selection jumper allows for easy selection of communication mode: RS232, TTL or I2C.
- 5) The Power / I2C connector on PCB 3.0 is now changed to Power / Data connector which mean that the two middle pins are now capable of either SCL/SDA for I2C or TX/RX for RS232 and TTL without having to solder extra pads. These two middle pins are chosen according to the serial communication selection jumper.
Please see the following table for the standardized pin out of the Power / Data connector (some PCBs have these marked clearly on the board):

<i>Pin</i>	<i>Function</i>
1	+5V
2	RX / SCL
3	TX / SDA
4	GND

- 6) PCB 3.0 now incorporates one Dallas 1-Wire connection for control of Dallas 1-Wire slave devices. The connector for the Dallas 1-Wire does not come readily when ordering modules, it must be specified. Please contact a sales representative for details.

Please refer to http://www.matrixorbital.ca/manuals/PK_series/PK162-12/PK162-12_rev_30.pdf for in-depth hardware changes details.

Firmware Changes:

Release v5.0 (released November 25, 2005):

- 1) Keypad keys are now user definable: Command 254/213/<24 bytes>
All values returned from the keypad are now user-defined. This command uploads the new key mapping. The first 12 bytes are the key down values, while the last 12 are the key up values. The default values for key down are capital letters starting from `A' and the default values for key up are small letters starting from `a'. This can be the work around for the hardware constraint for the old keypad systems as described in Hardware Changes item # 1

- 2) We now offer 16 bytes of EEPROM for the customers
 - Customer data upload: Command: 254/52/<16 bytes>
 - Customer data download: Command: 254/53
 The display now has 16 bytes to store whatever the customer would like. These 16 bytes can be used for anything including serial numbers, addresses, or whatever you can think of that will fit in 16 bytes.

- 3) Added a watch dog timer: The units now make full use of a watchdog

timer to prevent the display from remaining locked up. The default timeout is approximately 2.1 seconds (depending on ambient temperature). Upon a watchdog reset the display will send 254/212 to the host to indicate that watchdog has reset the module.

4) The old PCB revision used to have an 80-byte buffer. We have increased the buffer size to 128 bytes in the new PCB rev.

5) RS232 speed (baud rate) now takes different parameters:

- Command 254 / 57 / <parameter>

The following are the new parameter values according to baud rate:

<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Baud Rate</i>
83	1200
41	2400
207	4800
103	9600
51	19200
34	28800
25	38400
16	57600

6) Baud rate can now be fine-tuned

- Command 254 / 164 / <speed low byte><speed high byte>

We now offer access to the baud rate generator registers in the uC so that users may be able to fine tune baud rates as necessary.

This command accepts 2 byte parameter which is derived from the equation:

$$\text{speed} = (8,000,000 / 8 \times \text{desired baud rate}) - 1$$

Please see the manual for details on the use of this command. There are caveats as to how to use this command in the manual.

7) I2C now properly ACKs and NAKs the master when it is addressed

I2C now sends a NAK when the module is busy or when the communication buffer is full. Since the module uses the same In and Out buffer with the RS232, there are commands necessary to be able to configure the buffer accordingly. These commands are:

- Command 161: Clear Out buffer – since I2C transactions are master-initiated, the replies of the slave module are placed in an Out buffer (16 byte buffer) until the master decides to read. If for some reason the master is out of sync with the data in the Out buffer because it did not clock the data out when it was supposed to, the master has the option of clearing the Out buffer but then it would have to re-send query commands and clock the data out from the module immediately after (provided the end of the command, so all the parameters should be clocked to the module first).

- Command 160: Set RS232 Tx Data <on/off> - just like how Out buffer is shared between I2C and RS232, so is the In buffer. Because of this there is a need to tell the module if data is coming from RS232 or from I2C. When this command is sent with parameter 0 (off), this hints that the data is from I2C, and that data responses in the Out buffer are checked against a flag that holds the value of the parameter for this command. When the parameter is 0 (off) the data remains in the Out buffer and NOT transmitted out via RS232. When the parameter is 1 (on – default case) the data responses are automatically transmitted via RS232. This command MUST be issued with parameter 0 when in I2C and expecting to read the module. The default for this flag is on, which means the module will send its reply or report via RS232.

- Command 163: Dump Out buffer via RS232 – this command is used to dump the Out buffer via the RS232. In the case that command 160 is sent with parameter = 0, the data responses are placed in the Out buffer and can be accessed via RS232 using this command.

8) The Init Narrow Vertical Bar command (115) now needs extra initialization before use. The custom characters that make up the narrow vertical bar needs to be sent via command Store Custom Chars (193) and loaded by Load Custom Chars (192)

- Command 193: Store Custom Characters: 254 / 192 / <bank> / <Id> /

<8 char definition>

This command stores the custom chars in the EEPROM in the <bank> specified. Eg if the user specifies bank 1, he may be making custom chars for horizontal bars, and he may utilize these custom chars by sending commands 104 and 124 (Init Horizontal Bar and Place Horizontal Bar), but he also may make a totally different set of custom chars that he may load whenever he wants by using the following command. The definition for the old horizontal, vertical, medium numbers are all default in the module.

- Command 192: Load Custom Characters: 254 / 192 / <bank>

This command loads the custom chars defined in the <bank> specified. Again, for the example above, the user may send this command with bank 1 as parameter, and he may now use the characters just by issuing the Id (which is 0x00 to 0x07).

9) The display now has an enhanced data locking capability. The users can now lock the module in different levels.

- Command 202: Set Data Lock: 254 / 202 / 245 / 160 / <level>

- Command 203: Set and Save Data Lock: 254 / 203 / 245 / 160 / <level>

Level is an 8-bit value with the following bits defined:

bit 7 – when this bit is 1, users can not display anything on the module

bit 6 – when this bit is 1, users can not send any commands to the module but commands 202 / 203

bit 5 – reserved and should be left 0

bit 4 – when this bit is 1, users can not alter the module settings (internal EEPROM)

bit 3 – reserved and should be left 0

bit 2 – reserved and should be left 0

bit 1 – reserved and should be left 0

bit 0 – reserved and should be left 0

Eg: to lock the display (no text will be displayed) send command: 254 / <202 or 203> / 245 / 160 / 128

Eg: to lock the display propertied (no commands will be followed, with the exception of the Data lock command) send command: 254 / <202 or 203> / 245 / 160 / 192

10)List of New or Changed Commands:

Keypad Related Commands:

213: Assign Keypad Key ID

- new command, as described in item #1 under Firmware Changes

Dallas 1-Wire Commands:

200: DOW Command

- new for the LVPK204-25, please see the manual for details

RS232 / I2C Related Commands:

57: Set Standard Baud - new command, as described in item # 5

164: Set Non Standard Baud - new command, as described in item # 6

160: Set RS232 Tx Data - new command, as described in item # 7

161: Clear Out buffer - new command, as described in item # 7

163: Dump Out buffer via RS232 - new command, described in item # 7

Special Characters Related Commands:

115: Init Narrow Vertical Bar - changed, as described in item # 8

124: Place Horizontal Bar - changed, as described in item # 2 in version

192: Load Custom Characters - new command, as described in item # 8

193: Store Custom Characters - new command, as described in item # 8

Module Property Query Commands:

52: Write Customer Data - changed, as described in item # 2

53: Read Customer Data - changed, as described in item # 2

Display Screen Control Commands:

202: Set Data Lock - new command, as described in item # 9

203: Set and Save Data Lock - new command, as described in item # 9

Please see the manual for in depth details.

Release v5.1 (released July 11, 2006):

- 1) Under certain circumstances reading back of the I2C could be problematic. The old PCB 2.3 revision did not implement I2C data read before; it only had I2C keypad key reads. Reading back I2C data was implemented in firmware v5.0 but under circumstances, there was a flaw with this implementation. With firmware v 5.1, users are now able to read data other than keypad key presses via I2C.
- 2) Horizontal bar graph change. Only one directional horizontal bar graph can appear on the screen at a time. Either left facing or right facing horizontal graph can be used at a time. Trying out both directions within the same screen will garble the bars. If this is an issue with your design, please contact a Sales Rep for your options.

- 3) Firmware versions 3.1 and 5.0 have the following control characters implemented:

0x08 – Back Space

0x0A – Line Feed

0x0D – Carriage Return

0x0C – Clear Screen

Firmware version 5.1 has the same control characters implemented with a difference in implementation of 0x0A. Firmware version 5.1 scrolls the display up when control character 0x0A is sent when the display is at the last row (row 2), and inserts a new line and puts the next insertion point on the start of the new line. With the older firmware versions, when 0x0A is sent when the display is at the last row, the next insertion point goes back to home position; there is no scrolling of the text.

Contact Information:

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Reference Documents/Attachments:

Location: <http://www.matrixorbital.ca/manuals/>

Approvals:

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