# MATRIX ORBITAL 

VK204-25-USB<br>Technical Manual

Revision: 1.1

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## 1 Getting Started



The VK204-25-USB is an intelligent VFD display designed to decrease development time by providing an instant solution to any project. With the ability to communicate via USB protocol, the versatile VK204-$25-$ USB can be used with virtually any controller. The ease of use is further enhanced by an intuitive command structure to allow display settings such as brightness, and baud rate to be software controlled. Additionally, up to thirty-two custom charaters, such as character sets for bar graphs, medium, and large numbers, may be stored in the non-volitile memory to be easily recalled and displayed at any time.

### 1.1 Display Options Available

The VK204-25 is complimented with a wide selection of filters including blue, green, grey and red. If the VFD will be in direct sunlight, the grey filter will prevent the displayed text from 'washing out'. Extended voltage, and temperature options are also available, to allow you to select the display which will best fit your project needs.

### 1.2 Accessories

NOTE Matrix Orbital provides all the interface accessories needed to get your display up and running. You will find these accessories and others on our e-commerce website at http://www.matrixorbital.com. To contact a sales associate see Section 14.5 on page 52 for contact information.


Figure 1: VK204-25-USB Filter Options


Figure 2: 3ft mini-B USB


Figure 3: Aluminum Mountings


Figure 4: Keypad Mountings


Figure 5: Mounting Kits


Figure 6: 4X4 Keypad

### 1.3 Features

- 20 column by 4 line text vacuum fluorescent display
- USB communication protocol
- Six, 5V - 20mA, general purpose outputs for a variety of applications
- Lightning fast communication speeds, up to 115.2 kbps
- Default 19.2 kbps serial communication speed
- Extended temperature available for extreme environments of -40C to 85C
- Built in font with provision for up to 8 user defined characters
- Optional 1-wire bus that is capable of communicating with up to 32 devices over a single bus
- Fully buffered so that no delays in transmission are ever necessary
- Ability to add a customized splash / startup screen
- Software controlled brightness with configurable time-out setting up to 90 minutes and software controlled speed
- Use of up to a 25 key keypad with a 10 key buffer
- Horizontal or vertical bar graphs
- Extended temperature option
- Fits Matrix Orbital's mountings without any modifications


### 1.4 Connecting to a PC

The LK204-25-USB connects seamlessly to a PC and it is an excellent means of testing the functionality. To connect your display to a PC, you will require a USB cable such as the one pictured in figure 2 on page 2.

1. In order to connect your USB display to a personal computer simply plug the mini-B USB cable from the PC to the USB connector on the display.


NOTE The LK204-25-USB unit can also be powered via a standard PC power cable, shown below.


Figure 7: Alternate Display Power Cable

### 1.5 Installing the Software

### 1.5.1 1.5.1 Drivers

In order to communicate with any Matrix Orbital USB display, the proper drivers for the unit must first be correctly installed on the controlling PC or device. To preform this operation, follow the steps listed below:

1. Go to the website location: http://www.matrixorbital.ca/drivers/
2. Download or copy the appropriate USB drivers into a directory.
3. Uncompress the files. They will be a self extracting ZIP file.
4. Connect the USB cable to the display and the computer.
5. Windows will give a prompt for drivers for a USB, Serial Device.
6. Select 'Specify location', and navigate to the directory the file was uncompressed to.
7. Test the display using a software tool such as uProject.

### 1.5.2 uProject

uProject was designed by Matrix Orbital to provide a simple and easy to use interface that will allow you to test all of the features of our alpha numeric displays.

To install uProject from the Matrix Orbital website, follow the following steps:

1. Go to the website location: http://www.matrixorbital.ca/software/software_alpha/uproject/
2. Click on "Download Here"
3. Locate the file uProject.exe on your desktop
4. Double click on "uProject.exe"

Be sure to check the information selected in the COM Setup the first time uProject is run. Although the display is connected via a USB Cable, it will create its own, virtual, Comport which will be displayed in the uProject environment. Once this information is entered correctly the program can be used to control all functions of the graphic display.


Comport The serial port the display is plugged in to.
The communication speed the display module is set to. (Default 19,200)

Figure 8: uProject Settings

NOTE uProject and other alphanumeric software may also be downloaded from Matrix Orbital's support site at http://www.matrixorbital.ca/software/software_alpha/

## 2 Hardware Information

Refer to the following diagram for this chapter:


Figure 9: LK204-25-USB

### 2.1 Power Connector

The LK204-25-USB provides a Power Connector to allow the device to be powered externally. In order to power the device externally, you must remove one of the USB protocol select jumpers. The jumper to remove is the leftmost USB jumper as seen if figure 17.


Figure 10: Alternate Power Connector

### 2.2 Keypad Interface Connector

The LK204-25-USB provides a Keypad Interface Connector which allows for up to a five by five matrix style keypad to be directly connected to the display module. Key presses are generated when a short is detected between a row and a column. When a key press is generated a character, which is associated with the particular key press, is automatically sent on the Tx communication line. The character that is associated with each key press may be altered using the "Assign Key Codes" command, for more detailed information see the Keypad Section, on page 33.


Figure 11: Keypad Interface Connector

### 2.3 Manual Override

The Manual Override is provided to allow the LK204-25-USB to be reset to factory defaults. This can be particularly helpful if the display module has been set to an unknown baud rate and you are no longer able to communicate with it. If you wish to return the module to its default settings you must:

1. Power off the display module.
2. Place a Jumper on the Manual Override pins.
3. Power up the display module.
4. The display module is now set to its default values listed below in table 1 .
5. Edit and save settings.


Figure 12: Manual Override Jumper
Table 1: Default Values

| Brightness | 255 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Contrast | 128 |
| Baud Rate | 19.2 kbps |

NOTE The display module will revert back to the old settings once turned off, unless the settings are saved.

### 2.4 USB Header

The USB Header provides USB connector for communication and power of the display. An alternate power option for the display can be seen in figure 10 .


Figure 13: USB Header

Table 2: Power Requirements

|  | Standard |
| :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage | $+5 \mathrm{Vdc} \pm 0.25 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Supply Current | 50 mA (Backlight Off) |
| Backlight Current | 185 mA (Backlight On) |

## WARNINGS

- Do not apply any power with reversed polarization.
- Do not apply any voltage other than the specified voltage.


### 2.5 Serial Header

The LK202-25-USB also offers an alternative, Serial Header option to permit serial communication with the device. Please note the the display normally does not come with the Serial Header, it will have to be ordered as a custom. Please talk to your sales representative if you would like this option.

NOTE This component is optional and must be custom ordered

### 2.6 General Purpose Outputs

A unique feature of the LK204-25-USB is the ability to control relays and other external devices using a General Purpose Output, which can provide up to 20 mA of current and +5 Vdc from the positive side of


Figure 14: Serial Header
the GPO. This is limited by a 240 ohm resistor which is located to the above right of the GPOs as pictured below in figure 15. If the device, which is being driven by a GPO, requires a relatively high current (such as a relay) and has an internal resistance of its own greater than 250 ohms, then the 240 ohm resistor may be removed and replaced with a Jumper.


GND Ground (0VDC)
VCC +5 VDC at 20 mA

Figure 15: General Purpose Output

(1)
WARNING If connecting a relay, be sure that it is fully clamped using a diode and capacitor in order to absorb any electro-motive force (EMF) which will be generated.

### 2.7 Dallas 1-Wire Bridge

In addition to the six general purpose outputs the LK204-25-USB offers an optional Dallas 1-wire bridge, to allow for an aditional thirty two 1-wire devices to be connected to the display. Please note the the display normally does not come with the Dallas 1-wire bridge. It will have to be ordered as a custom. Please talk to your sales representative if you would like this option. See Section 8 on page 31.


Figure 16: Dallas 1-Wire Bridge

NOTE This component is optional and must be custom ordered

### 2.8 Protocol Select Jumpers

The Protocol Select Jumpers, pictured below in figure 17, provide the means necessary to toggle the display module between USB power and external power. As a default, the jumpers are set to USB mode with solder jumps on the USB jumpers. In order to place the display module in external power mode you must first remove the rightmost solder jump from the USB jumpers. The display cannot be used in RS232, TTL, or I2C mode.


Figure 17: Protocol Select Jumpers

## 3 Troubleshooting

### 3.1 The display does not turn on when power is applied.

- First, you will want to make sure that you are using the correct power connector. Standard floppy drive power cables from your PC power supply will fit on the Power/Data Connector and do have the correct pin out as can be seen in figure 10 on page 8.
- The next step is to check the $U S B$ cable which you are using for continuity. If you don't have an ohm meter, try using a different USB cable, if this does not help try using a different power supply.
- The last step will be to check the USB Cable on the LK204-25-USB. If the USB Cable has become loose, or you are unable to resolve the issue, please contact Matrix Orbital, see $\mathbf{1 4 . 5}$ on page 52 for contact information.


### 3.2 The display module is not communicating.

- First, check the $U S B$ cable for continuity. If you don't have an ohm meter, try using a different $U S B$ cable. If you are using a PC try using a different USB Port.
- Second, ensure that the host system and display module are both communicating on the same baud rate. The default baud rate for the display module is 19200 bps .
- Finally, you may reset the display to it's default settings using the Manual Override Jumper, see Section 2.3 on page 9.


### 3.3 The display module is communicating, however text cannot be displayed.

- A common cause may be that the contrast settings have been set to low. The solution to this problem is to adjust the contrast settings. The default setting that will work in most environments is 128 .

> NOTE Optimal contrast settings may vary according to factors such as temperature, viewing angle and lighting conditions. If you are unable to resolve any issue please contact Matrix Orbital. See 14.5 on page 52 for contact information.

## 4 Communications

### 4.1 Introduction

The commands listed in this chapter describe how to configure data flow on the VK204-25-USB.

### 4.1.1 $\quad I^{2} C$ Communication Summary

The VK204-25-USB is capable of communicating at 100 KHz in $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ mode, with 127 units addressable on a single $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ communication line. However, in order to communicate via $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ you must first ensure that pull up resistors, with a nominal value of 1 K to 10 K , are placed on the SCL and SDA communication lines coming from pins two and three of the Data / Power Connector respectively. Data responses by the module are automatically output via RS232, in case the host will be querying the module, it is necessary for the host to inform the module that its responses are to be output via $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$. This can be done by sending command $254 / 160 / 0$ to turn off auto transmission of data in RS232. This will keep the data in the buffer until the master clocks a read of the slave. The $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ data lines operate at 5 V normally or 3.3 V for -1 U style units. The VK204-25-USB uses 8-bit addressing, with the 8th or Least Significant Bit (LSB) bit designated as the read/write bit, a 0 designates a write address and a 1 designates a read address. The default read address of the display module will be $0 \times 51$, whereas the write address is $0 \times 50$ by default. This address may be changed by using cmd 254 / 51 / <address>. The VK204-25-USB should only be sent addresses that are even (LSB is 0 ). When the $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ master wishes to write to the display, the effective address is $\$ 50(01010000)$, since the LSB has to be 0 for an $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ master write. When the $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ master wishes to read the VK204-25-USB, the effective address is $\$ 51(01010001)$, since the LSB has to be 1 for an $I^{2} C$ master read.

If we take a standard Phillips 7 bit address of \$45 (100 0101), Matrix Orbital's VK204-25-USB would describe this Phillips $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ address as $\$ 8 \mathrm{~A}$ (1000 1010). The read address would be $\$ 8 \mathrm{~B}$ (1000 1011).

The unit does not respond to general call address (\$00).
When communicating in $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ the VK204-25-USB will send an ACK on the 9th clock cycle when addressed. When writing to the display module, the display will respond with a ACK when the write has successfully been completed. However if the buffer has been filled, or the module is too busy processing data it will respond with a NAK. When performing a multiple byte read within one $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ transaction, each byte read from the slave should be followed by an ACK to indicate that the master still needs data, and a

NAK to indicate that the transmission is over.
The VK204-25-USB has some speed limitations, especially when run in $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ mode. Here are some considerations when writing $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ code:

* to be able to read the replies of query commands (eg. cmds 54, 55) the following command must be sent (only needs to be sent once, so this can be done somewhere in init): $254 / 160 / 0$ this command puts the reply data in the $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ output buffer instead of the RS232 output buffer. Please note that due to a 16 byte output buffer, query commands that reply with more than 16 bytes cannot be read (eg cmd Get FileSystem Directory)
* 3 ms delay between the read commands
* 625us delay in between data bytes within a transaction is necessary
* 375us between transactions is necessary

NOTE These delays are consrevative, and may be decreased based on performance

### 4.1.2 $I^{2} \mathrm{C}$ Transaction Example

The typical $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ transaction contains four parts: the start sequence, addressing, information, and stop sequence. To begin a transaction the data line, SDA, must toggle from high to low while the clock line, SCL, is high. Next, the display must be addressed using a one byte hexadecimal value, the default to write to the unit is $0 \times 50$, while read is $0 \times 51$. Then information can be sent to the unit; even when reading, a command must first be sent to let the unit know what type of information it is required to return. After each bit is sent, the display will issue an ACK or NACK as described above. Finally, when communication is complete, the transaction is ended by toggling the data line from low to high while the clock line is high. An example of the use of this algorithm to write a simple "HELLO" message can be seen in 3.

Table 3: $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ Transaction Algorithm

| START | Toggle SDA high to low |
| :---: | :---: |
| Address | $0 \times 50$ |
| Information | $0 \times 480 \times 450 \times 4 \mathrm{C} 0 \times 4 \mathrm{C} 0 \times 4 \mathrm{~F}$ |
| STOP | Toggle SDA low to high |

### 4.1.3 Serial Communication

In addition to being able to communicate via $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ the VK204-25-USB communicates natively through the RS-232 protocol at at a default baud rate of $19,200 \mathrm{bps}$ and is capable of standard baud rates from 9600 to $115,200 \mathrm{bps}$. Furthermore the VK204-25-USB is also capable of reproducing any non-standard baud rate in between using values entered into our baud rate generation algorithm and set through command 164 ( $0 x \mathrm{~A} 4$ ). The display module communicates at standard voltage levels of -30 V to +30 V or at TTL levels of 0 to +5 V by setting the Protocol Select Jumpers to TTL.

### 4.1.4 USB Communication

The VK204-25-USB is a USB device that offers identical communication protocol as the serial comport. capable of communicating via a USB interface. The USB communications are identical to the serial communications. Communication is via a virtual com port, which is created in the operating system by the drivers necessary to install the USB display. The VK204-25-USB communicating via USB is capable of baud rates of $19,200 \mathrm{bps}$ to $115,200 \mathrm{bps}$. Other baud rates are subject to the limitation of the virtual com port driver. For further information regarding supported operating systems, and driver limitations please contact technical support.

### 4.2 Changing the $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ Slave Address

| Syntax | Hexadecimal Decimal ASCII | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \times F E 0 \times 33 \text { [adr } \\ & 25451 \text { [adr] } \\ & 254 " 3 " \text { [adr] } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
|  | adr | 1 | The new I ${ }^{2} \mathrm{C}$ write address (0x000xFF). |
| Description | This command sets the $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ write address of the module between 0 x 00 and $0 x F F$. The $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ write address must be an even number and the read address is automatically set to one higher. For example if the $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ write address is set to $0 \times 50$, then the read address is $0 \times 51$. |  |  |

NOTE The change in address is immediate.

| Remembered | Always |
| :--- | :--- |
| Default | $0 \times 50$ |

### 4.3 Changing the Baud Rate

| Syntax | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Hexadecimal } \\ \text { Decimal }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { 0xFE 0x39 [speed] } \\ \text { 254 57 [speed] }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Parameters | ASCII | 254 "9" 9 speed] |$]$

Remembered
Default

This command sets the RS-232 port to the specified [speed]. The change takes place immediately. [speed] is a single byte specifying the desired port speed. Valid speeds are shown in the table below. The display module can be manually reset to 19,200 baud in the event of an error during transmission, including transmitting a value not listed below, by setting the manual override jumper during power up. However, it should be noted that this command will be ignored until the manual override jumper is removed again.

| Hex Value | Baud Rate |
| :---: | :---: |
| 53 | 1200 |
| 29 | 2400 |
| CF | 4800 |
| 67 | 9600 |
| 33 | 19200 |
| 22 | 28800 |
| 19 | 38400 |
| 10 | 57600 |
| 8 | 115200 |

Always
19,200 bps

### 4.4 Setting a Non-Standard Baud Rate

Syntax

Parameters

Description

Remembered

Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xA4 [speed]
Decimal 254164 [speed]

| Parameter | Length | Description |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| speed | 2 | Inputed LSB MSB from baud rate <br> formula (12-2047). |

This command sets the RS-232 port to a non-standard baud rate. The command accepts a two byte parameter that goes directly into the modules baud generator. Use the formula, speed $=\frac{\text { CrystalSpeed }}{8 \times \text { DesiredBaud }}-1$ to calculate the [speed] for any baud rate setting. The speed can be anywhere from 12 to 2047 which corresponds to a baud range of 977 to 153,800 baud. Setting the baud rate out of this range could cause the display to stop working properly and require the Manual Override jumper to be set.

Always

## Examples

Crystal Speed 16 Mhz
Desired BAUD 13,500

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { speed }=\frac{\text { crystalspeed }}{8 * \text { DesiredBaud }}-1 \quad \text { speed }=\frac{16,000,000}{8 * 13,500}-1 \\
& \quad \text { speed }=148.15-1 \\
& \text { - } \begin{array}{l}
\text { LSeeed }=147.15
\end{array} \\
& \text { - MSB }=0 \times 93 \text { (rounded) } \\
& \text { - Intended Baud Rate: } 13,500 \text { baud } \quad \text { Actual Baud Rate: } \\
& \begin{array}{ll}
\frac{16,000,000}{8(147+1)}=13,514 \quad \text { Percent Difference: } 0.1 \%
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

## NOTES

- Results from the formula are rounded down to the nearest whole number (i.e 73.07 $=73$ ).
- This formula becomes less acurate as baud rates increase, due to rounding.
- Place the speed result backwards into the formula to receive the actual baud rate. $\left(\right.$ Baud $\left.=\frac{\text { CrystalSpeed }}{8(\text { speed }+1)}\right)$
- The actual baud rate must be within $3 \%$ of the intended baud rate for the device to communicate.


## 5 Text

### 5.1 Introduction

The VK204-25-USB is an intelligent display module, designed to reduce the amount of code necessary to begin displaying data. This means that it is able to display all ASCII formated characters and strings that are sent to it, which are defined in the current character set. The display module will begin displaying text at the top left corner of the display area, known as home, and continue to print to the display as if it was a page on a typewriter. When the text reaches the bottom right row, it is able to automatically scroll all of the lines up and continue to display text, with the auto scroll option set to on.

### 5.1.1 Character Set



Figure 18: Character Set

### 5.1.2 Control Characters

In addition to a full text set, the VK204-25-USB display supports the following ASCII Control characters:

0x08 Backspace<br>0x0C Clear screen / New page<br>0x0D Carriage return

0x0A Line feed / New line

### 5.2 Auto Scroll On

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x51 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | 25481 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "Q" |

Description When auto scrolling is on, it causes the display to shift the entire display's contents up to make room for a new line of text when the text reaches the end of the last row.

Remembered Yes
Default On

### 5.3 Auto Scroll Off

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x52 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Decimal | 25482 |
|  | ASCII | 254 "R" |

Description When auto scrolling is disabled the text will wrap to the top left corner of the display area when the text reaches the end of last row.

Remembered Yes

### 5.4 Clear Screen

Syntax

Description
Remembered
No

### 5.5 Changing the Startup Screen

| Syntax | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x40 <br> Decimal <br> ASCII 25464 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Description 254 "@" |  |$\quad$| In order to change the text that is displayed by the VK204-25-USB |
| :--- |
| when it starts up simply send the command bytes 25464 followed by |
| the characters that you wish to display, starting from the top left. This |
| command will automatically line wrap the characters that are sent to it. |

### 5.6 Set Auto Line Wrap On

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x43 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | 25467 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "C" |

Description
Enabling Auto Line Wrap will allow the cursor to automatically wrap over to the next line when the current line is full.

NOTE Line wraps may occur in the middle of a word.

Remembered Yes

### 5.7 Set Auto Line Wrap Off

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x44 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | 25468 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "D" |

Description

Remembered Yes

### 5.8 Set Cursor Position

| Syntax | Hexadecimal <br> Decimal | 0xFE 0x47 [col] [row] |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | 254 71 [col] [row] |  |  |
| Parameters | ASCII | 254 "G" Gcol [row] |  |
|  | Parameter | Length | Description |
|  | col | 1 | Column |
|  | row | 1 | Row |

Description This command will allow you to manually set the cursor position, which controls the text insertion point, by specifying the [col] and [row] of the new proposed cursor position.

NOTE If the cursor position is set past the end of a line it will wrap to the beginning of the next line.

Remembered
No

### 5.9 Go Home

Syntax
Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x48
Decimal 25472
ASCII 254 "H"
Description This command will return the cursor to the top left corner of the display area, identified as row one, column one.

Remembered No

### 5.10 Move Cursor Back

| Syntax | Hexadecimal <br> Decimal | 25476 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

ASCII 254 "L"

Description This command will move the cursor back one space. If this command is sent when the cursor is at the home position the cursor will wrap to the last row / column position if line wrap is on. Sending this command will not effect the text displayed on the module, however any characters that are sent will over write the current characters that are being displayed.

Remembered No

### 5.11 Move Cursor Forward

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x4D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Decimal | 25477 |
|  | ASCII | 254 "M" |

Description This command will move the cursor forward one space. If this command is sent when the cursor is at the bottom right position the cursor will wrap back to the home position if line wrap is on. Sending this command will not effect the text displayed on the module, however any characters that are sent will over write the current characters that are being displayed.

Remembered
No

### 5.12 Blinking Block Cursor On

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x53 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | 25483 |  |
|  | ASCII | $254 " S "$ |

Description This command will cause the VK204-25-USB to display a block cursor at the current text insertion point.

Remembered Yes

### 5.13 Blinking Block Cursor Off

Syntax

| Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x54 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | 25484 |
| ASCII | 254 "T" |

Description
This command will turn the block cursor off.

Remembered Yes

## 6 Special Characters

### 6.1 Introduction

The VK204-25-USB has the ability to create four different sets of eight custom characters and save them to internal banks of memory. Each set of eight can be recalled from memory at any time, and selected characters can be written to the display screen. Characters and sets can be created at any time, saved for later use, and displayed to the screen through the intuitive command structure described below.

### 6.2 Creating a Custom Character

| Hexadecimal | $0 x F E$ 0x4E [refID] [data] |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Decimal | 25478 [refID] [data] |  |
| ASCII | 254 "N" [refID] [data] |  |
| Parameter | Length | Description |
| refID | 1 | Character reference ID (0-7). |
| data | 8 | Character data. |

The VK204-25-USB allows for upta to eight custom defined characters to be added onto the the character set. A custom character is a five by eight pixel matrix with each row represented by a byte value. For example:

| Custom Character'h' |  |  |  |  | Decimal | Hex |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | $0 \times 10$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | $0 \times 10$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | $0 \times 10$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | $0 \times 10$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 22 | $0 \times 16$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ | 25 | $0 \times 19$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ | 17 | $0 \times 11$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1}$ | 17 | $0 \times 11$ |

Each bit value of one, in the table, represents an on pixel, whereas a value of zero represents a pixel that is turned off. Therefore in order to define custom character 'h' you would send the command byte prefix 254 followed by the command 78. Next, you will have to select the memory location in which you wish to save the character in. The available memory locations for this command are zero through to seven. After sending the memory location, or [refID], you may then send the eight byte custom character data in sequence from the top to the bottom.
Once you have defined a custom character you may display it by sending the display module the [refID]. For example if a custom character was saved in position one, the command to display the custom character, at the current cursor position, would be simply to send the number one to the display module without quotes.
Remembered No

### 6.3 Saving Custom Characters

| Syntax | Hexadecimal <br> Decimal | 0xFE 0xC1 [Bank] [ID] [Data] |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Parameter | Length | Description |
|  | Bank | 1 | Memory bank to save to (0-4). |
|  | ID | 1 | Character ID (0-7) |
|  | Data | 8 | Character Definition |

New to the VK204-25-USB has added five non-volatile memory banks for custom character storage. This is intended to allow you to create your own custom bar graphs, medium/large numbers and startup screen. However, each memory bank may be used to store a set of any eight custom characters; with the only provision being that memory bank zero contains the characters that will be used in the startup screen. By default the memory banks will be loaded as follows:

| [Bank] | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | Startup screen characters. |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Horizontal bars |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Vertical bars |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Medium numbers |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | Large numbers |

In order to save new custom characters into a memory bank, follow the same process as you would for creating a custom character, see Section 6.2 on page 23, only use 254193 [Bank Number] before sending the [ID] and character [Data]. Yes

### 6.4 Loading Custom Characters

Syntax
Parameters

| Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC0 [Bank] |
| :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | $254192[$ Bank] |

Description

Remembered No

### 6.5 Save Startup Screen Custom Characters

Syntax
Parameters

| Hexadecimal <br> Decimal | 0xFE 0xC2 [refID] [data] |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 254 194 [refID] [data] |  |  |$|$| Parameter | Length | Description |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| refID | 1 | Character reference ID (0-7). |
| data | 8 | Character data. |

Description Using this command you may create the custom characters. that will be stored in memory bank zero, which will be used in the startup screen. For more information about creating custom characters see Section 6.2 on page 23.

## NOTES

- Changes only take place once the power has been cycled.
- This command is the same as sending CMD 254 / 193 / 0 / [ID] / [DATA]

Remembered Yes

### 6.6 Initialize Medium Number

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x6D |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Decimal | 254109 |
|  | ASCII | 254 "m" |

Description

Remembered No

### 6.7 Place Medium Numbers

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x6F [Row] [Col] [Digit] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Decimal | 254111 [Row] [Col] [Digit] |
|  | ASCII | 254 "o" [Row] [Col] [Digit] |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length Description |
|  | Row | 1 The row number. |
|  | Col | 1 The column number. |
|  | Digit | 1 Medium number to place (0-9). |
| Description | This command [row] and [col] | ill place a medium number (two columns high) at the secified. |

NOTE Medium Numbers must be initialized before this command is executed.

Remembered
No

### 6.8 Initialize Large Numbers

| Syntax | Hexadecimal $0 \times \mathrm{xFE} 0 \mathrm{x} 6 \mathrm{E}$ <br> Decimal <br> ASCII 254110 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Description 254 " $\mathrm{n} "$ |  |

Remembered No

### 6.9 Place Large Number

| Syntax | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x23 [Col] [Digit] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Decimal | 25435 [Col] | igit] |
|  | ASCII | 254 "\#" [Col] | Digit] |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Descripti |
|  | Col | 1 | The colu |
|  | Digit | 1 | Large nu |
| Description | This command will place a large number (four columns high) at the [row] and [col] specified. |  |  |

NOTE Large Numbers must be initialized before this command is executed.

Remembered
No

### 6.10 Initialize Horizontal Bar

Syntax

Description This command will load the default horizontal bar characters into the volatile memory. If you have stored your own custom horizontal bar data, use the 'Load Custom Characters' command instead to load your custom bar data into the volatile memory. This command will allow you to use the 'Place Horizontal Bar' command.

Remembered No

### 6.11 Place Horizontal Bar Graph

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x7C | ] [Row] [Dir] [Length] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Decimal | 254124 [C | Row] [Dir] [Length] |
|  | ASCII | 254 "" [Co | ow] [Dir] [Length] |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
|  | Col | 1 | The column number. |
|  | Row | 1 | The row number. |
|  | Dir | 1 | The direction of the ba $1)$. |
|  | Length | 1 | The length of the bar d |
| Description | This command will place a bar graph at [row], [column]. A [Dir] value of zero will cause the bar to go right, and one will cause the bar to go left. The [Length] is the size in pixels of the bar graph. |  |  |

## NOTES

- Horizontal Bars must be initialized before this command is executed.
- Bar graphs may be one directional only.

Remembered
No

### 6.12 Initialize Narrow Vertical Bar

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x73 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Decimal | 254115 |
|  | ASCII | 254 "s" |
| Description | This command volatile memory use the 'Load C custom bar dat to use the 'Plac | ill load the If you have stom Chara into the vola Vertical Bar |

NOTE Narrow bars have a width of two pixels.

Remembered No

### 6.13 Initialize Wide Vertical Bar

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x76 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | 254118 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "v" |

Description This command will load the wide vertical bar characters into the volatile memory. If you have stored your own custom vertical bar data, use the 'Load Custom Characters' command instead to load your custom bar data into the volatile memory. This command will allow you to use the 'Place Vertical Bar' command.

NOTE Wide bars have a width of five pixels.

Remembered
No

### 6.14 Place Vertical Bar

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x3D | lumn] [Length] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Decimal | 25461 [Col | ] [Length] |
|  | ASCII | 254 "=" [Co | n] [Length] |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
|  | Column | 1 | The column nu |
|  | Length | 1 | The length of |
| Description | This command will place a bar graph at the specified [Column] with the specified [Length]. The [Length] is the size in pixels of the bar graph. |  |  |

## NOTES

- A Vertical Bar style must be initialized before this command is executed.
- Bar graphs may be one directional only.


## 7 General Purpose Output

### 7.1 Introduction

General purpose outputs allow you to connect devices, such as LEDs, to the VK204-25-USB and supply them with up to 20 mA of current at 5 V . The VK204-25-USB has 6 GPOs which are software controlled, with functions to turn them on/off and set the power state for the next startup.

### 7.2 General Purpose Output Off

| Syntax | Hexadecimal <br> Decimal | 0xFE 0x56[Num] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | ASCII | 254 "V" Vum$]$ |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length |

NOTE OFF means that the output is pulled LOW.
Remembered

### 7.3 General Purpose Output On



NOTE ON means the output is pulled HIGH.
Remembered
Yes

### 7.4 Set Startup GPO state

| Syntax | Hexadecimal <br> Decimal | 0xFE 0xC3 [Num] [state] |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 254 195 [Num] [state] |  |  |  |
|  | Parameter | Length | Description |
|  | Num | 1 | GPO number. |
| state | 1 | Startup state (0: Off, 1: On) |  |

Description This command will set the startup state for the GPO on the next power up. A value of one will cause the GPO to be off on the next startup while a value of one will cause the GPO to be on.

NOTE This command does not affect the current state of the GPO.
Remembered
Always

## 8 Dallas 1-Wire

### 8.1 Introduction

Another convenient feature of the VK204-25-USB is that it provides a Dallas 1-wire interface in order to readily communicate with up to thirty two 1 -wire devices on a single bus. 1-wire communication is begun by discovering the address of the device that you wish to communicate with. To do this you must send the "Search for a 1-Wire Device' command. After you have established the address of the device that you wish to communicate with, you may begin a transaction with the device

### 8.2 Search for a 1-Wire Device

```
Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xC8 0x2
    Decimal 2542002
```

Description This command will allow you to begin communicating with the devices on the 1 -wire bus by returning a packet containing device information for each 1-wire device on the bus in the form of:

## Search Return Packet

| Offset <br> (Bytes) | Offset <br> (Bytes) | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 2 | $\mathbf{0 x 2 3 2 A}$ Preamble |
| 2 | 1 | $\mathbf{0 x 8 A}$ Packet is 10 bytes long, an- <br> other address will follow <br> $\mathbf{0 x 0 A}$ Packet is 10 bytes long, this <br> is the last address |
| 3 | 1 | 0x31 - 1-Wire Packet Type |
| 4 | 1 | Error Code (0x00 for success) |
| 5 | 8 | CRC8 0x00 means the last address <br> was valid |
| 13 | 1 |  |

Remembered
No

### 8.3 Dallas 1-Wire Transaction

| Syntax | Hexadecimal <br> Decimal | 0xFE 0xC8 0x1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [Data] <br> 254 200 1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [Data] |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | Parameter | Length | Description |
| flags | 1 | Flags to control optional <br> components of the transaction. |  |
| SndBits | 1 | The number of bits you will be <br> transmitting on the bus. |  |
| RcvBits | 1 | The number of bits you will be <br> reading on the bus. <br> Data to be transmitted, LSB to <br> MSB. |  |

Description This command will perform a single transaction on the 1-wire bus in this order:

1. Bus Reset.
2. Transmit data onto the bus.
3. Receive data from the bus.

The number of bits to be transmitted and read must be specified for this command to be successful.

NOTE To determine what functions the device will respond to, consult the devices' data sheet.

## 1-Wire Flags

| Bit | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 | Unused |
| 6 | (0 for future compatibility) |
| 5 |  |
| 4 | (0 for future compatibility) |
| 3 | Add a CRC8 to the end of the transmitted data |
| 2 | Reset bus before transaction |
| 1 | Assume last received byte is a CRC8 and valide it |
| 0 |  |

1-Wire Error Codes

| Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0x00 | Success |
| 0x01 | Unknown 1-Wire Command |
| 0x02 | No devices on the bus |
| 0x03 | Fatal search error |

Remembered No

## 9 Keypad

### 9.1 Introduction

The VK204-25-USB supports up to a 25 key, matrix style, keypad and may be configured to allow key presses to be automatically transmitted via USB. The VK204-25-USB also allows for auto-repeating key presses, and remapping of all keypad character codes.

The connector is not keyed so the keypad will probably plug in either of two ways. The display will not be damaged by reversing the connector. However, the keypad will generate a different ASCII character mapping for each position. If the connector has fewer than 10 pins it should be centered on the display
connector. The keypad is scanned whenever a key is pressed;there is no continuous key scan. This means that key presses are dealt with immediately without any appreciable latency. This also prevent electrical noise which is often caused by continuous key scans.

### 9.2 Auto Transmit Key Presses On

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | $0 x F E ~ 0 x 41$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | 25465 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "A" |

Description In this mode, all key presses are sent immediately to the host system without the use of the poll keypad command. This is the default mode on power up.

Remembered Yes
Default
On

### 9.3 Auto Transmit Key Presses Off

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x4F |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Decimal | 25479 |
|  | ASCII | 254 "O" |
| Description | In this mode, up to 10 key presses are buffered until the unit is polled by the host system, via the poll keypad command 254 38. Issuing this command places the unit in polled mode. |  |
| Remembered | Yes |  |

### 9.4 Poll Key Press

Syntax

| Hexadecimal | $0 \times F E 0 \times 26$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | 25438 |
| ASCII | $254 " \& "$ |

Description This command returns any buffered key presses via the serial interface. The host system must be set up to receive key codes. When the display receives this command, it will immediately return any buffered key presses which may have not been read already. If there is more than one key press buffered, then the high order bit (MSB) of the returned key code will be set (1). If this is the only buffered key press, then the MSB will be cleared (0). If there are no buffered key presses, then the returned code will be $0 x 00$. Please note that to make use of this command, the "Auto Transmit Key Presses" mode should be off.

Remembered No

### 9.5 Clear Key Buffer

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x45 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Decimal | 25469 |
|  | ASCII | 254 "E" |

Description This command clears any unread key presses. In a menu application, if the user presses a key which changes the menu context, any following key presses may be inaccurate and can be cleared out of the buffer between menu changes to prevent jumping around the menu tree. It may also be used, in effect, to reset the keypad in case the host application resets for whatever reason.

Remembered No

### 9.6 Set Debounce Time

| Syntax | Hexadecimal <br> Decimal <br> ASCII | 0xFE 0x55 [time] <br> 254 85 [time] <br> Parameters "U" [time] |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 254 | Parameter | Length |

### 9.7 Set Auto Repeat Mode

| Syntax | Hexadecimal $0 x F E$ 0x7E [mode] <br> Decimal 254126 [mode] <br> ASCII 254 " $\sim$ " [mode] |
| :---: | :---: |
| Parameters | Parameter Length Description |
|  | mode 11 Auto Repeat Mode (0: Resend Key <br>  $, 1:$ Key Up/Down) |
| Description | Two auto repeat modes are available and are set via the same command: <br> - Resend Key Mode: 0x00 <br> - Key Up/Down Mode: 0x01 |
|  | Resend Key Mode This mode is similar to the action of a keyboard on a PC. In this mode, when a key is held down, the key code is transmitted immediately followed by a $1 / 2$ second delay. After this delay, key codes will be sent via the RS-232 interface at a rate of about 5 codes per second. This mode has no effect if polling or if using the $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ interface. |
|  | Key Up/Down Mode This mode may be used when the typematic parameters of the "Resend Key Code" mode are unacceptable or if the unit is being operated in polled mode. The host system detects the press of a key and simulates an auto repeat inside the host system until the key release is detected. In this mode, when a key is held down, the key code is transmitted immediately and no other codes will be sent until the key is released. On the release of the key, the key release code transmitted will be a value equal to the key down code plus 20 hex. |
| Remembered | Yes |
| Examples | When the key code associated with key ' P ' $(0 \times 50)$ is pressed, the release code is ' p ' ( $0 \times 70$ ). In RS-232 polled mode or via the $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$, the "Key Down / Key Up" codes are used; however, the user should be careful of timing details. If the poll rate is slower than the simulated auto-repeat it is possible that polling for a key up code will be delayed long enough for an unwanted key repeat to be generated. |

### 9.8 Auto Repeat Mode Off

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x60 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | 25496 |  |
| ASCII | $254 " ‘ "$ |  |

Description This command turns auto repeat mode off. See Set Auto Repeat Mode.
Remembered No

### 9.9 Assign Keypad Codes



## 10 Display Functions

### 10.1 Introduction

The VK204-25-USB employs software controlled display settings, which allow for control over, clearing the screen, changing the brightness and contrast or setting timers for turning it on or off. The combination of these allow you complete software control over your display's appearance.

### 10.2 Display On

$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { Syntax } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Hexadecimal } \\ \text { Decimal }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { 0xFE 0x42 [min] } \\ \text { 254 66 [min] } \\ \text { ASCII }\end{array} \\ \text { Parameters } & \text { 254 "B" [min] }\end{array}\right]$.

Description This command turns the backlight on after the [minutes] timer has expired, with a ninety minute maximum timer. A time of 0 specifies that the backlight should turn on immediately and stay on. When this command is sent while the remember function is on, the timer will reset and begin after power up.

| Remembered | Yes |
| :--- | :--- |
| Default | 0 |

### 10.3 Display Off

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | $0 x F E ~ 0 x 46$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | 25470 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "F" |

Description This command turns the backlight off immediately. The backlight will remain off until a 'Display On' command has been received.

Remembered Yes

### 10.4 Set VFD Brightness

Syntax

Parameters

Description

Remembered
Default

Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x59 [brightness]
Decimal 25489 [brightness]
ASCII 254 "Y" [brightness]

| Parameter | Length | Description |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| brightness | 1 | Brightness setting (0 to 3). |

This command sets and saves the display's brightness to [brightness], where [brightness] is a value between 0x00 and $0 x 03$ (between 0 and 3 ) according to the table below:

| Value | Brightness |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0 x 03$ | $25 \%$ |
| $0 \times 02$ | $50 \%$ |
| $0 x 01$ | $75 \%$ |
| $0 x 00$ | $100 \%$ |

If the remember function is on, this command acts the same as 'Set and Save VFD Brightness'.
Yes
255

### 10.5 Set and Save VFD Brightness

| Syntax | Hexadecimal <br> Decimal | 0xFE 0x91 [brightness] |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Parameters | 254 145 [brightness] |  |  |
|  | Parameter | Length | Description |
|  | brightness | 1 | Brightness setting (0 to 3). |

Description This command sets and saves the display's brightness to [brightness], where [brightness] is a value between $0 \times 00$ and $0 x 03$ (between 0 and 3 ) according to the table below:

| Value | Brightness |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0 \times 03$ | $25 \%$ |
| $0 x 02$ | $50 \%$ |
| $0 x 01$ | $75 \%$ |
| 0x00 | $100 \%$ |

## 11 Data Security

### 11.1 Introduction

Ensuring that your VK204-25-USB display's exactly what you want it to can be the difference between a projects success and failure. This is why we incorporate features such as Data Lock into the VK204-25-USB With this new feature you now are in control over of how and when settings will be changed so there is no need to worry about the module acting exactly like you expected it to because all the settings may be locked and remembered for the next power up.

### 11.2 Set Remember

| Syntax | Hexadecimal <br> Decimal | 0xFE 0x93 [switch] |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
|  | switch | 1 | 0: Do not remember, 1: Remember |

Description This command allows you to switch the remember function on and off. To use the remember function, set remember to on, then set all of the settings that you wish to save, settings that are listed as 'Remember: Yes' support being saved into the non-volatile memory. After you have set all of the commands that you wish to save, you may then cycle the power and check the display settings to ensure that all the settings have been saved. If you wish to use remember again after cycling the power, you must set it to on again.

## NOTES

- Writing to non-volatile memory is time consuming and slows down the operation of the display.
- Non-volatile memory has a 'write limit' and may only be changed approximately 100,000 times.

Remembered
Default
No
Do not remember

### 11.3 Data Lock

Syntax
Parameters

Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xCA 0xF5 0xA0 [level]
Decimal 254202245160 [level]

| Parameter | Length | Description |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| level | 1 | Sets the data lock level |

Description

| Remembered | Always |
| :--- | :--- |
| Default | 0 |
| Examples |  |


| Hex | Dec | Binary | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0 \times 00$ | 0 | 0 | Unlock |
| $0 \times 50$ | 80 | 01010000 | Setting and Command Lock |

### 11.4 Set and Save Data Lock

$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Syntax } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Hexadecimal } \\ \text { Decimal }\end{array} & \text { 0xFE 0xCB 0xF5 0xA0 [level] } \\ & 254203245160 \text { [level] }\end{array}$

| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Description | level <br> This command will set and save the data lock level. See the Data Lock <br> section for more information. |  |  |
| Remembered | Always <br> Default | 0 |  |

### 11.5 Write Customer Data

$\left.\begin{array}{llc}\text { Syntax } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Hexadecimal } \\ \text { Decimal }\end{array} & \text { 0xFE 0x34 [data] } \\ & \text { 254 52 [data] } \\ \text { ASCII } & 254 \text { "4" [data] }\end{array}\right]$

### 11.6 Read Customer Data

| Syntax | Hexadecimal $0 \times 5 E 0 \times 35$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Decimal | 25453 |
|  | ASCII | 254 " 5 " |
| Description | Reads whatever was written by Write Customer Data. |  |
| Remembered | No |  |

## 12 Miscellaneous

### 12.1 Introduction

This chapter covers the 'Report Version Number' and 'Read Module Type' commands. These commands can be particularly useful to find out more information about the display module before contacting technical support.

### 12.2 Read Version Number

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x36 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Decimal | 25454 |
|  | ASCII | $254 " 6 "$ |

Description
This command will return a byte representing the version of the module, see the following table as an example:

| Hex Value | Version Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0 \times 19$ | Version 1.9 |
| $0 \times 57$ | Version 5.7 |

Remembered No

### 12.3 Read Module Type

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | $0 \times F E 0 \times 37$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Decimal | 25455 |  |
|  | ASCII | $254 " 7 "$ |

Description

Remembered

This command will return a hex value corresponding to the the model number of the module see the following table:

| Hex | Product ID | Hex | Product ID |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | LCD0821 | 2 | LCD2021 |
| 5 | LCD2041 | 6 | LCD4021 |
| 7 | LCD4041 | 8 | LK202-25 |
| 9 | LK204-25 | A | LK404-55 |
| B | VFD2021 | C | VFD2041 |
| D | VFD4021 | E | VK202-25 |
| F | VK204-25 | 10 | GLC12232 |
| 13 | GLC24064 | 14 | Unused |
| 15 | GLK24064-25 | 16 | Unused |
| 21 | Unused | 22 | GLK12232-25 |
| 23 | Unused | 24 | GLK12232-25-SM |
| 25 | GLK24064-16-1U-USB | 26 | GLK24064-16-1U |
| 27 | GLK19264-7T-1U-USB | 28 | GLK12232-16 |
| 29 | GLK12232-16-SM | 2A | GLK19264-7T-1U |
| 2B | LK204-7T-1U | 2 C | LK204-7T-1U-USB |
| 31 | LK404-AT | 32 | MOS-AV-162A |
| 33 | LK402-12 | 34 | LK162-12 |
| 35 | LK204-25PC | 36 | LK202-24-USB |
| 37 | VK202-24-USB | 38 | LK204-24-USB |
| 39 | VK204-24-USB | 3A | PK162-12 |
| 3B | VK162-12 | 3C | MOS-AP-162A |
| 3D | PK202-25 | 3E | MOS-AL-162A |
| 3F | MOS-AL-202A | 40 | MOS-AV-202A |
| 41 | MOS-AP-202A | 42 | PK202-24-USB |
| 43 | MOS-AL-082 | 44 | MOS-AL-204 |
| 45 | MOS-AV-204 | 46 | MOS-AL-402 |
| 47 | MOS-AV-402 | 48 | LK082-12 |
| 49 | VK402-12 | 4A | VK404-55 |
| 4B | LK402-25 | 4C | VK402-25 |
| 4D | PK204-25 | 4E | Unused |
| 4F | MOS | 50 | MOI |
| 51 | XBoard-S | 52 | XBoard-I |
| 53 | MOU | 54 | XBoard-U |
| 55 | LK202-25-USB | 56 | VK202-25-USB |
| 57 | LK204-25-USB | 58 | VK204-25-USB |
| 5B | LK162-12-TC | 5C | Unused |
| 71 | Unused | 72 | GLK240128-25 |
| 73 | LK404-25 | 74 | VK404-25 |
| 77 | Unused | 78 | GLT320240 |
| 79 | GLT480282 | 7A | GLT240128 |

No

## 13 Command Summary

### 13.1 Communications

| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Changing the $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ Slave | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x33 [adr] | 16 |
| Address | Decimal | 25451 [adr] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 " 3 " [adr] |  |
| Changing the Baud Rate | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x39 [speed] | 16 |
|  | Decimal | 25457 [speed] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "9" [speed] |  |
| Setting a Non-Standard | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xA4 [speed] | 17 |
| Baud Rate | Decimal | 254164 [speed] |  |

### 13.2 Text

| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auto Scroll On | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x51 | 19 |
|  | Decimal | 25481 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "Q" |  |
| Auto Scroll Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x52 | 20 |
|  | Decimal | 25482 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "R" |  |
| Clear Screen | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x58 | 20 |
|  | Decimal | 25488 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "X" |  |
| Changing the Startup | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x40 | 20 |
| Screen | Decimal | 25464 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254"@" |  |
| Set Auto Line Wrap On | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x43 | 21 |
|  | Decimal | 25467 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "C" |  |
| Set Auto Line Wrap Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x44 | 21 |
|  | Decimal | 25468 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "D" |  |
| Set Cursor Position | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x47 [col] [row] | 21 |
|  | Decimal | 25471 [col] [row] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "G" [col] [row] |  |
| Go Home | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x48 | 22 |
|  | Decimal | 25472 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "H" |  |


| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Move Cursor Back | Hexadecimal | $0 \times F E$ 0x4C | 22 |
|  | Decimal | 25476 |  |
| Move Cursor Forward | ASCII | 254 "L" | 22 |
|  | Hexadecimal | $0 \times 5 E 0 x 4 \mathrm{D}$ |  |
|  | Decimal | 25477 |  |
| Blinking Block Cursor | ASCII | 254 "M" | 23 |
| On | Hexadecimal | $0 \times 5 E 0 \times 53$ |  |
|  | Decimal | 25483 |  |
| Blinking Block Cursor | ASCII | 254 "S" | 23 |
| Off | Hexadecimal | $0 \times 5 E 0 \times 54$ |  |
|  | Decimal | 25484 |  |

### 13.3 Special Characters

| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Creating a Custom | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x4E [refID] [data] | 23 |
| Character | Decimal | 25478 [refID] [data] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "N" [refID] [data] |  |
| Saving Custom | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC1 [Bank] [ID] [Data] | 24 |
| Characters | Decimal | 254193 [Bank] [ID] [Data] |  |
| Loading Custom | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC0 [Bank] | 25 |
| Characters | Decimal | 254192 [Bank] |  |
| Save Startup Screen | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC2 [refID] [data] | 25 |
| Custom Characters | Decimal | 254194 [refID] [data] |  |
| Initialize Medium | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x6D | 26 |
| Number | Decimal | 254109 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "m" |  |
| Place Medium Numbers | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x6F [Row] [Col] [Digit] | 26 |
|  | Decimal | 254111 [Row] [Col] [Digit] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "o" [Row] [Col] [Digit] |  |
| Initialize Large Numbers | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x6E | 27 |
|  | Decimal | 254110 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "n" |  |
| Place Large Number | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x23 [Col] [Digit] | 27 |
|  | Decimal | 25435 [Col] [Digit] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "\#" [Col] [Digit] |  |
| Initialize Horizontal Bar | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x68 | 27 |
|  | Decimal | 254104 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "h" |  |
| Place Horizontal Bar Graph | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x7C [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length] | 28 |
|  | Decimal | 254124 [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "\|" [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length] |  |


| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Initialize Narrow Vertical | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x73 | 28 |
| Bar | Decimal | 254115 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "s" |  |
| Initialize Wide Vertical | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x76 | 28 |
| Bar | Decimal | 254118 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "v" |  |
| Place Vertical Bar | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x3D [Column] [Length] | 29 |
|  | Decimal | 25461 [Column] [Length] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "=" [Column] [Length] |  |

### 13.4 General Purpose Output

| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| General Purpose Output | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x56 [Num] | 30 |
| Off | Decimal | $25486[\mathrm{Num}]$ |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "V" [Num] |  |
| General Purpose Output | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x57 [Num] | 30 |
| On | Decimal | 25487 [Num] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "W" [Num] |  |
| Set Startup GPO state | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC3 [Num] [state] | 30 |
|  | Decimal | $254195[$ Num] [state] |  |

### 13.5 Dallas 1-Wire

| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Search for a 1-Wire | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC8 0x2 | 31 |
| Device | Decimal | 254 200 2 |  |
| Dallas 1-Wire | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC8 0x1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [D8ea] |  |
| Transaction | Decimal | 254 200 1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [Data] |  |

### 13.6 Keypad

| Description | Syntax | Page |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Auto Transmit Key | Hexadecimal | $0 \times F E$ 0x41 | 34 |
| Presses On | Decimal | 25465 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "A" | 34 |
| Auto Transmit Key | Hexadecimal | $0 \times 5 E 0 \times 4 \mathrm{~F}$ |  |
| Presses Off | Decimal | 25479 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "O" |  |


| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Poll Key Press | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x26 | 34 |
|  | Decimal | 25438 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "\&" |  |
| Clear Key Buffer | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x45 | 35 |
|  | Decimal | 25469 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "E" |  |
| Set Debounce Time | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x55 [time] | 35 |
|  | Decimal | 25485 [time] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "U" [time] |  |
| Set Auto Repeat Mode | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x7E [mode] | 36 |
|  | Decimal | 254126 [mode] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 " $\sim$ " [mode] |  |
| Auto Repeat Mode Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x60 | 36 |
|  | Decimal | 25496 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "'" |  |
| Assign Keypad Codes | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xD5 [KDown] [KUp] | 37 |
|  | Decimal | 254213 [KDown] [KUp] |  |

### 13.7 Display Functions

| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Display On | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x42 [min] | 37 |
|  | Decimal | 25466 [min] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "B" [min] |  |
| Display Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x46 | 38 |
|  | Decimal | 25470 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "F" |  |
| Set VFD Brightness | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x59 [brightness] | 38 |
|  | Decimal | 25489 [brightness] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "Y" [brightness] |  |
| Set and Save VFD | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x91 [brightness] | 38 |
| Brightness | Decimal | 254145 [brightness] |  |

### 13.8 Data Security

| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Set Remember | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x93 [switch] | 39 |
|  | Decimal | 254 147 [switch] |  |
| Data Lock | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xCA 0xF5 0xA0 [level] | 40 |
|  | Decimal | 254 202 245 160 [level] |  |
| Set and Save Data Lock | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xCB 0xF5 0xA0 [level] | 41 |
|  | Decimal | 254 203 245 160 [level] |  |


| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Write Customer Data | Hexadecimal | $0 \times F E$ 0x34 [data] | 42 |
|  | Decimal | 25452 [data] |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "4" [data] | 42 |
| Read Customer Data | Hexadecimal | $0 \times 5 E 0 \times 35$ |  |
|  | Decimal | 25453 |  |

### 13.9 Miscellaneous

| Description | Syntax |  | Page |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Read Version Number | Hexadecimal | $0 \times F E 0 \times 36$ | 42 |
|  | Decimal | 25454 |  |
|  | ASCII | 254 "6" | 43 |
| Read Module Type | Hexadecimal | $0 \times 5 E 0 \times 37$ |  |
|  | Decimal | 25455 |  |

### 13.10 Command By Number

| Command Description Page |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hex | Dec | ASCII |  |  |
| 0x23 | 35 | "\#" | Place Large Number | 27 |
| 0x26 | 38 | "\&" | Poll Key Press | 34 |
| 0x33 | 51 | " 3 " | Changing the $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{C}$ Slave Address | 16 |
| 0x34 | 52 | "4" | Write Customer Data | 42 |
| 0x35 | 53 | " 5 " | Read Customer Data | 42 |
| 0x36 | 54 | " 6 " | Read Version Number | 42 |
| 0x37 | 55 | "7" | Read Module Type | 43 |
| 0x39 | 57 | "9" | Changing the Baud Rate | 16 |
| 0x3D | 61 | " $=$ " | Place Vertical Bar | 29 |
| 0x40 | 64 | "@" | Changing the Startup Screen | 20 |
| 0x41 | 65 | "A" | Auto Transmit Key Presses On | 34 |
| 0x42 | 66 | "B" | Display On | 37 |
| 0x43 | 67 | "C" | Set Auto Line Wrap On | 21 |
| 0x44 | 68 | "D" | Set Auto Line Wrap Off | 21 |
| 0x45 | 69 | "E" | Clear Key Buffer | 35 |
| 0x46 | 70 | "F" | Display Off | 38 |
| 0x47 | 71 | "G" | Set Cursor Position | 21 |
| 0x48 | 72 | "H" | Go Home | 22 |
| 0x4C | 76 | "L" | Move Cursor Back | 22 |
| 0x4D | 77 | "M" | Move Cursor Forward | 22 |
| 0x4E | 78 | "N" | Creating a Custom Character | 23 |


| Command Description Page |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hex | Dec | ASCII |  |  |
| 0x4F | 79 | "O" | Auto Transmit Key Presses Off | 34 |
| 0x51 | 81 | "Q" | Auto Scroll On | 19 |
| 0x52 | 82 | "R" | Auto Scroll Off | 20 |
| 0x53 | 83 | "S" | Blinking Block Cursor On | 23 |
| 0x54 | 84 | "T" | Blinking Block Cursor Off | 23 |
| 0x55 | 85 | "U" | Set Debounce Time | 35 |
| 0x56 | 86 | "V" | General Purpose Output Off | 30 |
| 0x57 | 87 | "W" | General Purpose Output On | 30 |
| 0x58 | 88 | "X" | Clear Screen | 20 |
| 0x59 | 89 | "Y" | Set VFD Brightness | 38 |
| 0x60 | 96 | "،" | Auto Repeat Mode Off | 36 |
| 0x68 | 104 | "h" | Initialize Horizontal Bar | 27 |
| 0x6D | 109 | "m" | Initialize Medium Number | 26 |
| 0x6E | 110 | "n" | Initialize Large Numbers | 27 |
| 0x6F | 111 | "o" | Place Medium Numbers | 26 |
| 0x73 | 115 | "s" | Initialize Narrow Vertical Bar | 28 |
| 0x76 | 118 | "v" | Initialize Wide Vertical Bar | 28 |
| 0x7C | 124 | " ${ }^{\prime}$ | Place Horizontal Bar Graph | 28 |
| 0x7E | 126 | "~" | Set Auto Repeat Mode | 36 |
| 0x91 | 145 |  | Set and Save VFD Brightness | 38 |
| 0x93 | 147 |  | Set Remember | 39 |
| 0xA4 | 164 |  | Setting a Non-Standard Baud Rate | 17 |
| 0xC0 | 192 |  | Loading Custom Characters | 25 |
| 0xC1 | 193 |  | Saving Custom Characters | 24 |
| 0xC2 | 194 |  | Save Startup Screen Custom Characters | 25 |
| 0xC3 | 195 |  | Set Startup GPO state | 30 |
| 0xC8 | 200 |  | Dallas 1-Wire Transaction | 32 |
| 0xCA | 202 |  | Data Lock | 40 |

## 14 Appendix

### 14.1 Specifications

### 14.1.1 Environmental

Table 66: Environmental Specifications

|  | Standard Temperature | Extended Temperature |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Operating Temperature | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating Relative Humidity | $90 \%$ max non-condensing |  |
| Vibration (Operating) | $4.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ XYZ directions |  |
| Vibration (Non-Operating) | $19.6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} \mathrm{XYZ}$ directions |  |
| Shock (Operating) | $29.4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} \mathrm{XYZ}$ directions |  |
| Shock (Non-Operating) | $490 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} \mathrm{XYZ}$ directions |  |

### 14.1.2 Electrical

Table 67: Electrical Specifications

| Supply Voltage | $+5 \mathrm{Vdc} \pm 0.25 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Backlight On | 185 mA typical |
| Backlight Off Supply | 50 mA |

### 14.2 Optical Characteristics

Table 68: Optical Characteristics

| Character x Lines | 20 columns x 4 rows |
| :---: | :--- |
| Module Size | $116.00 \mathrm{~mm} \times 37.00 \mathrm{~mm} \times 27.7 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Character Size | $3.20 \mathrm{~mm} \times 5.55 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Display Size | $83.00 \mathrm{~mm} \times 18.60 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| LED Backlight Life | 100,000 hours typical |

### 14.3 Physical Layout

Figure 19: Physical Diagram


### 14.4 Definitions

E Extended Temperature (-20C to 70C)
MSB Most Significant Byte
LSB Least Significant Byte

### 14.5 Contacting Matrix Orbital

## Telephone

Sales and Support: 1(403)229-2737

## On The Web

Sales: http://www.MatrixOrbital.com
Support: http://www.MatrixOrbital.ca
Forums: http://www.lcdforums.com

| Revision 3.0 | Initial Release |
| :---: | :---: |
| Revision 3.1 | Updated communication summary |

Table 69: Revision History

### 14.6 Revision History

